

BACE Antibody (S498)
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AP7774a**Specification**

BACE Antibody (S498) - Product Information

Application	WB,E
Primary Accession	P56817
Other Accession	P56819 , P56818 , Q2HJ40
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Bovine, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Antigen Region	476-501

BACE Antibody (S498) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 23621**Other Names**

Beta-secretase 1, Aspartyl protease 2, ASP2, Asp 2, Beta-site amyloid precursor protein cleaving enzyme 1, Beta-site APP cleaving enzyme 1, Memapsin-2, Membrane-associated aspartic protease 2, BACE1, BACE, KIAA1149

Target/Specificity

This BACE antibody is generated from rabbits immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 476-501 amino acids from human BACE.

Dilution

WB~~1:1000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation followed by dialysis against PBS.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

BACE Antibody (S498) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

BACE Antibody (S498) - Protein Information**Name** BACE1 ([HGNC:933](#))

Synonyms BACE, KIAA1149

Function Responsible for the proteolytic processing of the amyloid precursor protein (APP). Cleaves at the N-terminus of the A-beta peptide sequence, between residues 671 and 672 of APP, leads to the generation and extracellular release of beta-cleaved soluble APP, and a corresponding cell-associated C-terminal fragment which is later released by gamma-secretase (PubMed:[10656250](#), PubMed:[10677483](#), PubMed:[20354142](#)). Cleaves CHL1 (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network. Endoplasmic reticulum. Endosome. Cell surface. Cytoplasmic vesicle membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Membrane raft {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P56818}. Lysosome. Late endosome. Early endosome. Recycling endosome. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P56818}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P56818}. Note=Predominantly localized to the later Golgi/trans-Golgi network (TGN) and minimally detectable in the early Golgi compartments. A small portion is also found in the endoplasmic reticulum, endosomes and on the cell surface (PubMed:11466313, PubMed:17425515). Colocalization with APP in early endosomes is due to addition of bisecting N-acetylglucosamine which blocks targeting to late endosomes and lysosomes (By similarity) Retrogradly transported from endosomal compartments to the trans-Golgi network in a phosphorylation- and GGA1- dependent manner (PubMed:15886016). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P56818, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11466313, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15886016, ECO:0000269|PubMed:17425515}

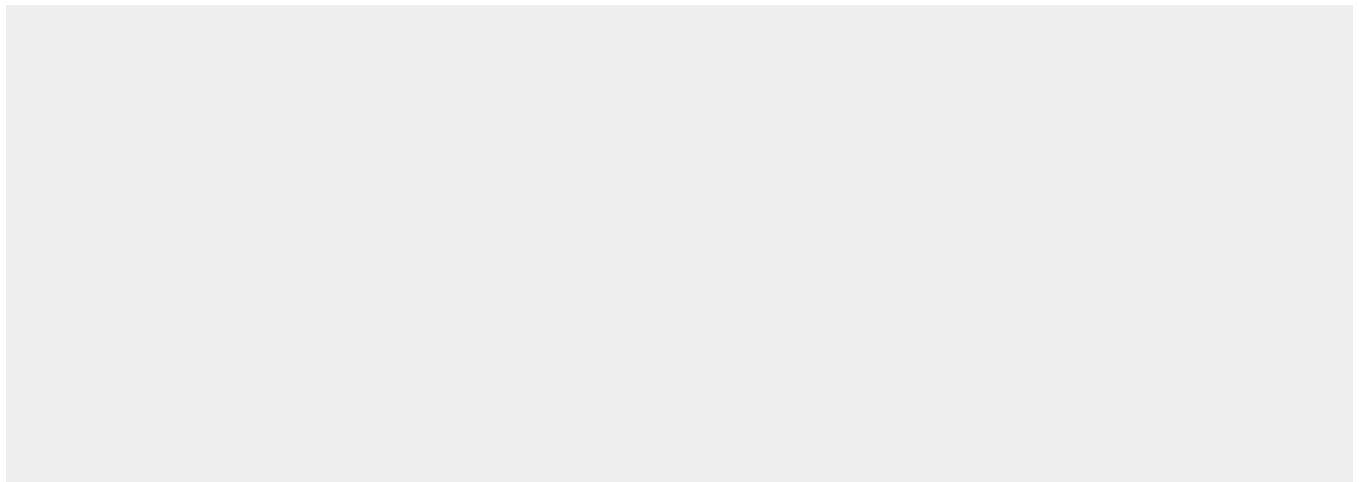
Tissue Location

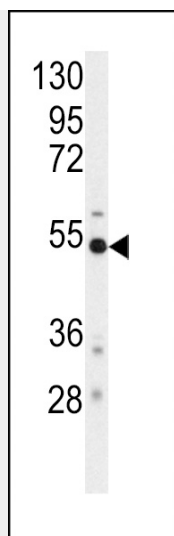
Expressed at high levels in the brain and pancreas. In the brain, expression is highest in the substantia nigra, locus coeruleus and medulla oblongata.

BACE Antibody (S498) - Protocols

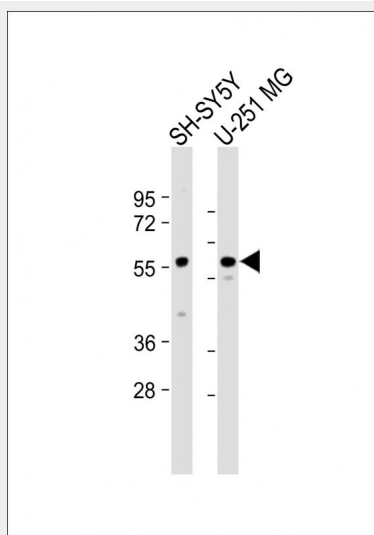
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

BACE Antibody (S498) - Images



Western blot analysis of anti-BACE Antibody (S498) (Cat.#AP7774a) in mouse cerebellum tissue lysates (35ug/lane). BACE (arrow) was detected using the purified Pab.



All lanes : Anti-Phospho-BACE(S498) Antibody, ctrl at 1:1000 dilution Lane 1: SH-SY5Y whole cell lysate Lane 2: U-251 MG whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 56 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

BACE Antibody (S498) - Background

Cerebral deposition of amyloid beta peptide is an early and critical feature of Alzheimer's disease. Amyloid beta peptide is generated by proteolytic cleavage of amyloid precursor protein (APP) by two proteases, one of which is BACE. This protein, a member of the peptidase A1 protein family, is a type I integral membrane glycoprotein and aspartic protease that is found mainly in the Golgi.

BACE Antibody (S498) - References

- Xie, J., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 280(14):13824-13832 (2005).
- He, X., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 280(12):11696-11703 (2005).
- Huang, X.P., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(36):37886-37894 (2004).
- Chiocco, M.J., et al., J. Biol. Chem. 279(50):52535-52542 (2004).
- Yang, H.C., et al., J. Neurochem. 91(6):1249-1259 (2004).